

# Year 8 Knowledge Organiser

### Ratio and Proportion

### Key Vocabulary

Ratio – a statement of how two or more numbers compare

Equal Parts - all parts in the same proportion, or a whole shared equally

Proportion - a statement that links two ratios

Order - to place a number in a determined sequence

Part - a section of a whole

Equivalent - of equal value

Factors - integers that multiply together to get the original value

Scale - the comparison of something drawn to its actual size.

Compound units - measurements that require two different types of unit e.g. speed is a compound unit as it is defined using both distance and time

# <u>Compound Units:</u> Check what units the question

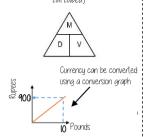
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Check what units the question is asking for!

Speed = Distance : Time
Typical units are mph (miles per
hour), km/s (kilometres per second)
or m/s (metres per second).



Density = Wass + Volume Typical units are g/cm³ (grams per



#### Objectives

Change freely between compound units

Use compound units such as speed, rates of pay, unit pricing

Express divisions of quantities as ratios

Apply ratios to real contexts eg conversions, comparisons, scaling and mixing

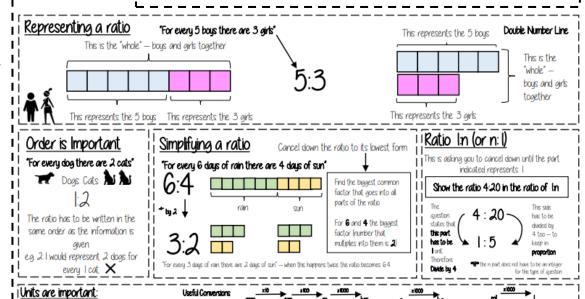
Express a multiplicative relationship between 2 quantities as a ratio or graction

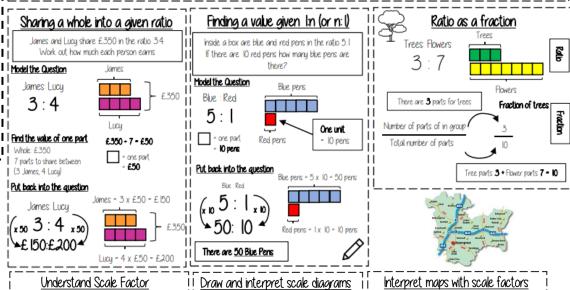
Understand and use proportion

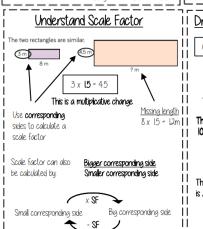
Relate ratios to gractions and linear functions

Compare lengths, areas and volumes using ratio notation

Use scale factors, diagrams and maps







When using a ratio — all parts should be in the same units

